

## 2003 Small Business Profile: DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

In 2002-2003, gross domestic product continued to rise nationwide, while growth in employment remained slow to recover. Small businesses continued to be a source of economic strength nationally and in the District Of Columbia. Research from the Office of Advocacy shows that half of U.S. private non-farm output and employment stem from small firms with 500 or fewer employees. Women and minority entrepreneurs are also significant participants in the district's economy. Advocacy uses a variety of data bases to document the contributions of small, minority-, and women-owned businesses in the District Of Columbia.

**Number of Businesses.** The number of employer businesses in 2002 increased by 0.7 percent and numbered 26,503. The number of self-employed individuals decreased an estimated 16.6 percent in 2002. In the district, 93.4 percent of the businesses were small (with fewer than 500 employees based on 2000 firm size data) (Source: U.S. Dept. of Labor, Employment and Training Administration; U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Census Bureau; U.S. Dept. of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics).

**Women-Owned Businesses.** In 2002, self-employed women totaled 4,882, or 42.3 percent of self-employed workers in the district (Source: U.S. Dept. of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics). Women-owned businesses totaled 14,000, of which 15.0 percent had employees. They generated \$1.8 billion in revenues in 1997 (Source: U.S. Dept. of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics; U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Census Bureau).

**Minority-Owned Businesses.** Minority-owned businesses represented 33.6 percent of the district's businesses and generated \$3.0 billion in revenues in 1997. Of these minority-owned businesses, 21.1 had employees (Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Census Bureau).

**Business Turnover.** Between 2001 and 2002, new employer firms increased 1.6 percent to 4,157. Business bankruptcies increased by 6.1 percent, and totaled 52 in 2002. Business terminations decreased by 1.0 percent, and totaled 3,973 in 2002 (Source: U.S. Dept. of Labor, Employment and Training Administration; Administrative Office of the U.S. Courts; U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Census Bureau).

**Employment.** In 2000, businesses with fewer than 500 workers employed 48.5 percent of the district's 414,983 non-farm sector employees (see Table 1). The industry with the most small business employees was professional, scientific, and technical services. Between 1999 and 2000, small businesses added a net total of 10,005 employees; they represented 76 percent of net non-farm employment change in the district (see Table 2) (U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Census Bureau, Statistics of U.S. Businesses).

**Small Business Income.** Non-farm proprietors' income—a partial measure of small business income—increased by 4.9 percent in 2002 and amounted to \$3.0 billion (Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce).

**Finance.** Small businesses traditionally depend on local bank services and use commercial bank lenders. The number of banks in the district has decreased. The largest concentrations of banks by asset size were in the less than \$100 million and the \$100 million to \$500 million categories. A list of small-business-friendly banks in the district has been published by the Office of Advocacy in its banking studies and is available on the website at [www.sba.gov/advo/stats/lending](http://www.sba.gov/advo/stats/lending). (See Table 3 for the number of banks by asset size.) Small businesses seeking loans should also consider lenders that participate in the SBA's preferred or certified loan programs; for a list of these lenders, call the Small Business Answer Desk at (800) 827-5722.

To obtain more information about the Office of Advocacy's data, research reports, and analyses of small business, go to: [www.sba.gov/advo/stats](http://www.sba.gov/advo/stats) or call (202) 205-6530. Special thanks to Ryan Miller, Advocacy intern, for his work drafting this report along with Victoria Williams.

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Note: Data on women- and minority-owned firms are not comparable between 1992 and 1997, so growth rates are not available.

Table 1. Firms and Employment in the District Of Columbia by Industry and Firm Size (Thousands), 2000

Industry	Non-employer Firms	Employer Firms		Employment	
		Total	<500	Total	<500
Total	32.9	16.3	15.2	415.0	201.4
Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting	0.0	0.0	0.0	*	*
Mining	0.0	0.0	0.0	*	*
Utilities	0.0	0.0	0.0	*	*
Construction	1.1	0.3	0.3	7.0	5.5
Manufacturing	0.2	0.2	0.2	2.6	2.2
Wholesale trade	0.2	0.4	0.3	5.5	2.8
Retail trade	1.5	1.6	1.4	19.2	9.5
Transportation and warehousing	1.7	0.2	0.1	3.8	*
Information	1.3	0.6	0.5	25.1	7.2
Finance and insurance	1.3	0.6	0.5	17.1	5.6
Real estate; rental and leasing	3.8	0.7	0.7	8.9	6.6
Professional, scientific, and technical services	9.4	3.9	3.6	77.1	39.9
Management of companies and enterprises	N/A	0.2	0.1	5.1	1.1
Admin., support, waste mgnt., and remed. services	1.7	0.9	0.8	31.2	15.9
Educational services	1.0	0.4	0.4	40.1	9.0
Health care and social assistance	2.8	1.7	1.6	58.7	21.1
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	2.7	0.2	0.2	4.9	3.4
Accommodation and food services	0.6	1.2	1.2	42.7	20.6
Other services	3.7	3.2	3.1	61.2	48.7
Auxiliary, except corp, subsidiary, and regional managing offices	N/A	0.1	0.0	1.6	*
Unclassified	N/A	0.3	0.3	*	*

\*Data suppressed to protect the confidentiality of individual firms.

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Census Bureau.

Table 2. Non-farm Establishment Job Gains and Losses by Firm Size, (Thousands) 1999–2000

	Total	Firm Size	
		1–19	1–499
Gains:			
New establishments	18.9	4.7	10.7
Expanding establishments	41.0	9.3	23.9
Losses:			
Downsized establishments	(33.8)	(4.8)	(16.0)
Closed establishments	(13.0)	(3.7)	(8.6)
Net change in employment	13.1	5.5	10.0

Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Statistics of U.S. Businesses, 2000.

Table 3. Number of Banks in the District Of Columbia by Asset Size, 1998–2002

					Number of Banks by Asset Size, 2002				
1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Below \$100M	\$100M–\$500M	\$500M–\$1B	\$1B–\$10B	Over \$10B
6	6	6	5	4	2	2	0	0	0

Source: U.S. Small Business Administration, Office of Advocacy, from data collected by the Federal Reserve Board.

The full list of small-business-friendly banks can be found on the Office of Advocacy's website at [www.sba.gov/advoc/stats/lending/](http://www.sba.gov/advoc/stats/lending/).